



Erasmus+

Prejudice Conscience –Diversity and Empowerment



Questions Human rights:

1. What are human rights?
 - Human rights are rights inherent to all human beings.
 - whatever our nationality, place of residence, sex, national or ethnic origin, colour, religion, language, or any other status. We are all equally entitled to our human rights without discrimination. These rights are all interrelated, interdependent and indivisible.

2. What does universal and inalienable mean in this context?
 - The principle of universality of human rights is the cornerstone of international human rights law.
 - This principle, as first emphasized in the Universal Declaration on Human Rights in 1948, has been reiterated in numerous international human rights conventions, declarations, and resolutions. The 1993 Vienna World Conference on Human Rights, for example, noted that it is the duty of States to promote and protect all human rights and fundamental freedoms, regardless of their political, economic and cultural systems.

3. What is the first Article of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights?
 - “All human beings are born free and equal in dignity and rights.”

4. When is human rights day?
 - Human Rights Day is observed by the international community every year on 10 December. It commemorates the day in 1948 the United Nations General Assembly adopted the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.

5. What does Interdependent and indivisible mean?
 - All human rights are indivisible, whether they are civil and political rights, such as the right to life, equality before the law and freedom of expression; economic, social and cultural rights, such as the rights to work, social security and education , or collective rights, such as the rights to development and self-determination, are indivisible, interrelated and interdependent. The improvement of one right facilitates advancement of the others. Likewise, the deprivation of one right adversely affects the others.

6. When was the Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR) adopted?

It was adopted by the United Nations General Assembly at its 3rd session on 10 December 1948 as Resolution 217 at the Palais de Chaillot in Paris, France. Of the then 58 members of the United Nations, 48 voted in favor, none against, eight abstained, and two didn't vote.



7. Of how many articles does the Declaration consists of?

It consists of thirty articles affirming an individual's rights which,

8. Who was Anna Eleanor Roosevelt?

(/ˈeɪlɪnɔːr ˈroʊzəvɛlt/; October 11, 1884 – November 7, 1962) was an American politician, diplomat and activist.^[1] She was the longest-serving First Lady of the United States, having held the post from March 1933 to April 1945 during her husband President Franklin D. Roosevelt's four terms in office,^[1] and served as United States Delegate to the United Nations General Assembly from 1945 to 1952.^{[2][3]} President Harry S. Truman later called her the "First Lady of the World" in tribute to her human rights achievements.^[4]

9. Does the UN have a twitter account for human rights?

<https://twitter.com/UNHUMANRIGHTS>

10. Does Kanye West support the NGO Human rights Watch?

<https://www.looktothestars.org/celebrity/kanye-west>